#### Always read before installation.

## Aisin Gas Heat Pump Air Conditioner GHP OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS E1 Multi Zone Type Standard – Renewal

#### [Model P224 - P280 - P355]

#### Applicable models

Outdoor unit		Specification						
		Mod.	Natural gas	LPG	G25	CAT	AWS	W-KIT
	P224	AXGP224 E1	N(F)WE	P(F)WE	G(F)WE	D	А	К
Multi zone type Standard specification	P280	AXGP280 E1	N(F)WE	P(F)WE	G(F)WE	D	А	к
	P355	AXGP355 E1	N(F)WE	P(F)WE	G(F)WE	D	А	К
	P224	AXYGP224 E1	N(F)WE	P(F)WE	G(F)WE	D	А	К
Multi zone type Renewal specification	P280	AXYGP280 E1	N(F)WE	P(F)WE	G(F)WE	D	A	к
	P355	AXYGP355 E1	N(F)WE	P(F)WE	G(F)WE	D	A	К

(F) Indicates the cold district model specification

#### A word to the person in charge of installation

This GHP OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS provides the installation procedures and precautions for those with a basic knowledge of gas heat pumps. Improper installation will not realize the unit's full performance potential and could even cause injury or damage to the unit.

Accordingly, read and fully understand the contents of this manual before beginning the installation of the GHP outdoor unit, and install the GHP properly according to the content of this manual. If indoor units, a remote controller or other options, sold separately, are also to be installed, read and fully understand the contents of those units' manuals as well.

#### Important reminder

- Be sure to check the model code of the GHP outdoor unit before installation. (The model code is written on the plate at the bottom-right position in the rear of the GHP.)
- This unit must be installed by specially trained personnel.
- The installation must be surely performed in accordance with the contents of this manual.
- Perform test operation within 3 months since installation of the GHP on the base.

After installation, always call the local AISIN Authorised Service centre to perform commissioning.

#### Safety Precautions

In this manual, the precautions to prevent injuries and damages that can occur if this unit is improperly installed are divided into and covered under the " $\bigtriangleup$  Warning" and " $\bigtriangleup$  Caution" graphics. In addition, "symbols" are used to indicate proper instructions. Follow these instructions carefully.

What "  $\raimed L$  Warning" and "  $\raimed L$  Caution" mean

Warning	If the items with this symbol shown in this manual are not adhered to, serious injury or death could occur.
Caution	If the items with this symbol shown in this manual are not adhered to, injury or damage to the unit could occur.

#### What "symbols" mean

$\bigcirc$	This indicates prohibited action.
	This indicates an action or requirement that must be completed.





CLIMATIZZAZIONE

Sole European Distributor AISIN Gas Heat Pump (GHP) / Microcogenerator (MCHP)

AISIN and Tecnocasa decline any responsibility for any damage whatever caused by improper use of the unit and/or non compliance with the information contained in the present manual. Specifications, drawings and technical information within this manual are subjected to change without notice.

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Electrical

3

Main Unit and Piping

## I. Before Installing

#### 1-1. Notes for renewal specification (reusing existing piping)

When performing renewal installation (reusing existing piping), read this manual and <u>"Gas heat pump air conditioner</u> renewal manual" carefully, and install the unit properly according to the contents of the manuals. Improper installation will not realize the unit's full performance potential and could even cause damage to the unit.

#### Items to be checked for renewal installation

1) Installing outdoor units

- Be sure to use M 12 anchor bolts if the anchor bolts are smaller than M12. If the location of the anchor bolts is different from the bolt location of this unit, location change is necessary. (Refer to "3-3. Foundation and anchor bolt specifications" on page 12.)
- When performing renewal installation from EHP, check the strength and size of the foundation. Foundation change is necessary if the strength is insufficient.
- When performing renewal installation from EHP, install an antivibration mount if a vibration problem is likely to occur. (Refer to "3-3. 3) Antivibration mount" on page 13.)

2) Installing indoor units

- Because the location of the suspension bolts for the indoor units are changed, install the indoor units according to the new indoor unit specification.
- 3) Fuel gas piping
  - Replace the reinforced gas hose of the existing outdoor unit with the new hose. (Gas hose change is required if the gas piping connecting location or connection size is different between the existing outdoor unit and new outdoor unit.) (Refer to "5. Fuel Gas Piping Installation" on page 30.)
  - When performing renewal installation from EHP, new installation of the fuel gas piping is required.

4) Refrigerant piping and refrigerant oil

- Design pressure of the pipes and branch pipes must be 3.3 MPa or higher. Check that the pipes have no corrosion.
- The height difference between the indoor and outdoor units, and between indoor units must be <u>within specification</u> range of the new outdoor unit (AISIN GHP). (Refer to "4. Refrigerant Piping" on page 14.)
- Once the existing outdoor units or indoor units are removed, block the refrigerant pipes with a tape as soon as possible to prevent water or dust from entering the piping.
- If the pipe size is different between existing piping and renewal unit piping (including indoor unit piping), connect the pipes by changing the size with the reducer or other means.
- Look into the trouble history of the existing units. Check if there were any troubles such as compressor failure or refrigerant shortage possibly due to piping failure. If there are such trouble histories, check if the troubled part was repaired. If the troubled part was not repaired, repair the part.
- Clean up the piping if there is a history of compressor failure.
- If the thermal insulation or lagging of the existing piping is deteriorated, repair the insulation or attach the new insulation.
- Pay attention to the refrigerant oil. Piping cleaning is necessary depending on the refrigerant oil type. (Refer to "Gas heat pump air conditioner renewal manual".)
- The piping without insulation on the liquid pipe can not be used.
- The flare nuts connected to the existing indoor units must be replaced with the flare nuts attached to the new indoor units.

- The foreign objects left in the piping can cause expansion valve malfunction or strainer clogging. If the existing outdoor units are operable, operate cooling for 10-15 minutes, and then perform pump down operation before removal. After that, remove the existing outdoor units.
- 5) Drain piping
  - If the drain piping of the existing indoor units has clogging or insulator deterioration, replace the drain piping with the new one. (Refer to "6. Drain Piping Installation" on page 31.)
     (If the drain pipe connecting location or size is different between the existing and new indeer units, drain piping
    - (If the drain pipe connecting location or size is different between the existing and new indoor units, drain piping change is required.)
  - If the drain piping of the existing outdoor units has clogging or material (PVC: polyvinyl chloride) deterioration, replace the drain piping with the new one.
     (If the drain pipe connecting location or size is different between the existing and new outdoor units, drain piping change is required.)
- 6) Electric wiring
  - Check the specification of the power supply wiring (signal wiring between indoor and outdoor units, and remote control wiring) according to "9. Electric Wire Specifications and Precautions" on page 38 of this manual. If the wiring does not meet the standard or is damaged in appearance, replace the wiring with the new one.
  - Refer to <u>"Gas heat pump air conditioner renewal manual"</u> as for how to reuse the power supply wiring, signal wiring between indoor and outdoor units, and remote control wiring.

#### 1-2. Combinations and capacities of the outdoor units and indoor units

important reminuer		Importa	nt ren	ninder
--------------------	--	---------	--------	--------

- Install the indoor units that correspond to indoor air conditioning load. Otherwise, the units frequently repeat start and stop. That could result in breakdown of the units.
- The number and total capacity of the connected indoor units must be within the range shown below.

Connecting indoor units out of this range could result in breakdown.
--

Outdoor unit	Number of connectable indoor units	Total capacity of connectable indoor units (kW)		
P224	1 to 20 (13)	11.2 to 44.8 (29.1)		
P280	1 to 25 (16)	14.0 to 56.0 (36.4)		
P355	1 to 32 (20)	17.8 to 71.0 (46.2)		

() shows the maximum value for cold district specification.

- In a combination in which the total capacity of the connected indoor units exceeds the capacity of the outdoor unit, the performance of each indoor unit will be lower than its rated capacity when all indoor units are operated simultaneously. Always strive to keep the total capacity of the indoor units within the outdoor unit capacity.
- Permissible piping length is restricted up to 100 m (actual length), and total piping length is restricted up to 350 m when the total capacity of the connected outdoor unit exceeds 130 % of rated capacity.
- P224 outdoor unit: Connectable indoor units are P22 to P224.
- P280 outdoor unit: Connectable indoor units are P22 to P280.
- P355 outdoor unit: Connectable indoor units are P22 to P280.

#### 1-3. Parts provided

The following parts are provided with this outdoor unit. Check the contents.

	Name This manual (INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS)		
Shape	NDRAFON NDRAFON		
Quantity	1		

	Name			
	Reducer (vapor line)	Reducer (liquid line)		
Shape	00000707	000 000		
Quantity	4 types (1 piece each) (Inner diameter: 19.1 / Outer diameter: 25.4) (Inner diameter: 22.2 / Outer diameter: 25.4) (Inner diameter: 28.6 / Outer diameter: 25.4) (Inner diameter: 31.8/ Outer diameter: 25.4)2 types (1 piece each) (Inner diameter: 9.5 / Outer diameter: (Inner diameter: 25.4)(Inner diameter: 28.6 / Outer diameter: 25.4) (Inner diameter: 31.8/ Outer diameter: 25.4)(Inner diameter: 15.9/ Outer diameter: (Inner diameter: 25.4)			
Location provided	Inside of refrigerant compartment			
Notes         Select the proper reducer according to the refrigerant pipe Refer to "4-2. Check existing piping specifications" on pa		ng to the refrigerant pipe diameter. ping specifications" on page 14.		

#### 1-4. Locally procured parts

The following items are required for installing this GHP.

Parts required

Part	Application
Anchor bolt	For installing outdoor unit (M12 × 4 pcs)
Washer, nut	For installing outdoor unit (M12 × 4 pcs)
Suspension bolt (M10), nut	For installing indoor units (4 pcs per indoor unit)
Copper pipe (C1220T)	For refrigerant piping (Refer to "4-4. Refrigerant piping - Selecting branch piping and permissible lengths" on page 16)
Hard plastic (PVC: polyvinyl chloride) pipe (VP)	For outdoor unit drain (VP20, VP30, VP50)
Steel pipe (SGP)	For fuel gas piping (3/4 B)
Reinforced gas hose	For fuel gas piping
Insulating material	For refrigerant and drain pipe insulation
Power supply wire	For electric power supply for indoor and outdoor units (Refer to "9-1. Power supply wire" on page 38)
Signal wire between indoor and outdoor units	For communication between indoor and outdoor units (Refer to "9-2. Signal wire between indoor-outdoor units and outdoor-outdoor units" on page 39)
Remote control wire	For connecting indoor unit and remote controller (Refer to "9-3. Remote control wire" on page 40)
Ground wire	For grounding the outdoor unit
Refrigerant	For additional charging (R410A)
Refrigerant oil	For applying to the flares (NL10)
Crimp pipe	For header branch pipes

(Note) Specifications of above listed parts must comply with the relevant local and national regulations and technical standards.

## **2.** Transporting Outdoor Unit

#### 2-1. Check the transporting route

- Make sure that the route to the installation site and any openings are large enough for the outdoor unit to be transported through.
- Make sure that the route to the installation site has the strength to withstand the weight of the outdoor unit.

#### 2-2. Methods for transporting the outdoor unit

Use nylon slings rigged in the manner shown in the illustration below.
 Protect the outdoor unit wherever necessary to prevent damage or deformity.
 Take care so that the refrigerant piping or exhaust water drain hoses are not pinched.



• If a forklift is used for transport, spread the fork as wide as possible so that they fit in the opening at the bottom of the unit (as shown in the illustration below). Insert the forks completely, taking care not to damage the unit with the forks.



- Do not tilt the unit 30° or more. (Never tip the unit on its side)
- 2-3. Dimensions related to transporting the outdoor unit (when the wooden blocks under the legs of the outdoor unit are removed)

Outdoor unit	Transport dimensions (mm)	Mass (kg)
P224		570 standard
P280	1416(W) 986(D) 2077(H)	
P355		575 renewal

<sup>t</sup> The cold district specification increases the mass by 5 kg. The catalyser option also increases the mass by 5 kg.

Preparation and precautions for transporting with an elevator

[Important reminders]

- The outdoor unit must be transported by experts for heavy weight transportation.
- Carefully consider transporting route, transporting method, and installing method on the foundation of the outdoor unit before starting transportation.
- Be sure to check that the elevator can carry the outdoor unit.
  - \* Some elevators can not carry the outdoor unit even if the elevators meet the standard shown below. When you use an elevator for transporting the outdoor unit, be sure to consult the manufacturer of the elevator and follow the manufacturer's precautions.
- Check the dimensions of the elevator (width, depth and height). (Take into account the size of the tools for transportation.)
- · Check the maximum loading capacity of the elevator. (Take into account the mass of the tools for transportation.)
- \* Refer to "2-3. Dimensions related to transporting the outdoor unit" on the previous page for the dimensions and mass of the outdoor unit.

<Recommendation>

- Effective entrance dimensions (elevator door) Width: 1,000 mm or more Height: 2,100 mm or more
- Inner dimensions of the car (inside the elevator) Width: 1,800 mm or more Depth: 1,500 mm or more Height: 2,300 mm or more
- Maximum loading capacity
- 1,150 kg or more
- Protect the carry-in and carry-out path and inside of the elevator with wooden boards or other materials.
  - Take care so that the floor, wall and doors of the building, and inside of the elevator are not damaged.
  - On the floor, place boards that can withstand the load of outdoor unit transportation.
- If the outdoor unit fixing brackets or fan guards on the roof hinder carrying the outdoor unit into the elevator, you can remove them temporarily.

<How to remove the outdoor unit fixing brackets>

- 1. Remove the outside panel (front and rear) of the outdoor unit.
- 2. Loosen the bolts with a box-end wrench and remove the fixing brackets. (Refer to figure A)
- 3. Be sure to attach the fixing brackets at their original locations after completion of transportation. (Bolt tightening torque: 37  $\pm$  11 N  $\cdot$  m)
- \* Failing to tighten the bolts with the specified torque could cause outdoor unit fixing failure.
- \* Be sure to attach the removed outside panels as before. (Screw tightening torque:  $6.0 \pm 1.8 \ \mathrm{N \cdot m}$ )
- <How to remove the fan guards>
- 1. Prepare a stepladder or other tools for high-place work. Loosen the fan guard fixing screws on the roof of the outdoor unit with a Phillips-head screwdriver, and remove the fan guards. (Refer to figure B)
  - \* Do not lose the fixing screws.
  - \* Do not apply excessive force on the fan guards. That could deform the fan guards.
- \* Take extra care when working because you work in a high place.
- 2. Be sure to attach the fan guards at their original locations after completion of transportation. (Bolt tightening torque: 4.1  $\pm$  1.2 N  $\cdot$  m)
- \* Failing to tighten the screws with the specified torque could cause the fan guards to come off.

<FIGURE A>

Use a box-wrench. (tighten with the specified force)

<FIGURE B> Use a Phillips-head screwdriver (all round the fan guards). (Tighten with the speci ed torque.)



## **3.** Installation

#### 3-1. Select the location for installation

#### **Warning** Never install the outdoor unit at a indoor location. Never install the outdoor unit at a location where the exhaust gas could flow into the room. If the outdoor unit is installed near the intake/exhaust port to the room, window or ventilation port, the exhaust gas could flow into the room and cause gas poisoning or an accident due to lack of oxygen. Never install the outdoor unit in an area where flammable gas can be produced, flow into, accumulate or leak, or where volatile flammable materials can be treated. Installation at such locations could result in a fire or an explosion. Always install the outdoor unit at an outdoor area open to the atmosphere. If the exhaust gas accumulates, it could cause gas poisoning or an accident due to lack of oxygen. Install the outdoor unit where adequate ventilation is provided. Make sure that the area where the outdoor unit is going to be installed is strong enough to withstand the unit's mass. If the location is not strong enough, the outdoor unit could fall over and cause injury or accident. Always discharge the exhaust gas to the atmosphere at a location where the gas will not cause adverse affects on the surrounding area. If the exhaust gas is exhausted into the catch basin or ditch, it could be drawn into the room and cause gas poisoning or an accident due to lack of oxygen.

Caution
Never install the outdoor unit at a location where its exhaust gas or air from its blower fan will come in contact with plants or animals. The exhaust gas or discharged air could cause harm to these plants or animals.
When the outdoor unit is installed on the roof or at a high location, install a permanent ladder or railings along the path to the unit, and install a fence or railings around the unit for the worker. If these devices are not installed, the worker could fall.

\* If there is no choice of installation location other than where the exhaust gas could flow into the room or could cause harm to the surroundings, extend the exhaust pipe. refer to "7. How to Extend Exhaust Pipe" on page 34 for details.

h	mportant reminder
	Always install the outdoor unit at a location where its operating noise and vibration will not cause problems for those below or surrounding the unit. (This is especially important when installing in res idential areas.)
	Install the outdoor unit where the discharged air from the fan does not blow on nearby homes.
	Install the outdoor unit at a level location where rainwater does not penetrate and water does not accumulate.
	Install the outdoor unit at a location where it will not be exposed to strong winds.
	The noise from the outdoor unit may cause adverse effect on other electrical equipment. Always install the unit at a location distant enough from the electrical equipments such as televisions, radios, computers, telephones and their antennas, electrical wires, and signal wires.
	Install the outdoor unit at a location where heat from other equipment does not cause adverse effect on the unit.
	If the outdoor unit is installed in a heavy snowfall area, install the unit where accumulated snow does not fall on the unit, and install the optional snow hood as well. Also make sure that the foun dation for the unit is high enough so as not to be affected by accumulated snow.
•	Allocate the route for loading/unloading the equipment, materials and parts for maintenance at the installation site (minimum route width: 900 mm, maximum mass of equipment, materials and parts: 150 kg).

#### 3-2. Space required for installation

#### 1) Provide sufficient distance from flammable materials





#### 2) Installation space



Provide ample space for inspection and maintenance taking into account the refrigerant and fuel gas piping.



#### Important reminder

When 4 or more of outdoor units are installed in the same location, nearby walls or other objects could obstruct air flow and cause short circuit. To prevent a decline in performance and trouble due to short circuit of airflow, larger installation space is necessary. Contact an authorized dealer for details.

#### 3-3. Foundation and anchor bolt specifications

1) Foundation shape



Anchor bolts before pouring concrete Insert anti vibrant rubber 200



Length: mm

Installation location/ Designed	Foundation dimensions (mm)		Anchor bolt spacing (mm)		
earthquake resistance	а	b	А	В	
Ground/ Horizontal 0.4 G, Vertical 0.2 G	1450	1050	743	956	
Roof-top/ Horizontal 1.0 G, Vertical 0.5 G	1650	1600	743*	956*	

Foresee the installation of an antivibrant mount.

#### Important reminder

If the foundation is smaller than the specified dimensions or if the designed earthquake resistance value needs to be higher than that shown in the table above, appropriate design change such as connecting the foundation to the building (floor slab) with steel rods is necessary. Such design changes should be done in accordance with the appropriate building equipment seismic tolerance design and installation policy.

#### 2) Anchor bolts



Use anchor bolts that satisfy the specifications shown in the table below. Make sure the legs of the outdoor unit are firmly secured with washers and bolts.
If the strength is insufficient, the unit could tip over and cause fuel gas leakage or injury.

#### Required anchor bolt pull out resistance strength

Size	M12
Short-term permissi- ble pull-out load	4.6 kN or more
Туре	Male mechanical anchor <ul> <li>Resin anchor</li> <li>Embedded anchor</li> </ul>

• Never use a female mechanical anchor because its pull out resistance strength is insufficient.



#### 3) Antivibrant mount

#### Important reminder

- When using an antivibrant mount to install the unit, check with the relevant local and national regulations and technical standards, and make sure that the installation complies with the building regulations, and required installation policy.
- Use an antivibrant mount when operating noise or vibration could cause problems in lower floors or nearby rooms as a result of installing the outdoor unit on a roof or balcony. (For specific information about installing, refer to the manual provided with the antivibrant mount.)
- When using the antivibrant mount, provide sufficient grooves in the top of the foundation for draining water so that the draining water will not accumulate inside the lower frame.
- The foundation must be one piece. Make the foundation's upper surface level, flat and smooth so that the lower frame of the antivibrant mount will make even contact.
- The anti vibrant mount can be replaced by using an anti vibrant carpet between the foundation and the surface of the roof.

## **4.** Refrigerant Piping

#### 4-1. Outline diagram of refrigerant piping



#### 4-2. Check existing piping specifications

• Be sure to check piping specifications when reusing existing piping. Replace the piping if the existing piping does not meet the specifications shown in the table below. (Design pressure must be 3.3 MPa or higher.)

Pipe diameter (mm)	C1220T-O materiel or OL material Required minimum thickness (mm)	C1220T-1/2H materiel or H material Required minimum thickness (mm)		
Ø6.4	0.4	-		
Ø9.5	0.5	-		
ø12.7	0.7	-		
ø15.9	0.9	0.5		
ø19.1	1.0	0.6		
ø22.2	1.1	0.6		
ø25.4	-	0.7		
ø28.6	-	0.8		
ø31.8	-	0.9		
ø38.1	-	1.1		
Ø41.3	-	1.1		

- Check the appearance (such as corrosion or deformation) of the pipes when reusing existing piping. If there is any abnormality, replace the piping with new one.
- Use branch pipes with design pressure of 3.3 MPa or higher. If you can not confirm the design pressure, select the branch pipes according to "4-4. Refrigerant piping Selecting branch pipes and permissible lengths" on page 16.
- If the pipe size is different between existing piping and outdoor and indoor unit piping, connect the pipes using the reducers (procured locally).

Main Unit and Piping

#### 4-3. Refrigerant piping installation specifications

	Item					
Outdoor Unit	Refrigerant main piping diameter (mm)		Permissible piping length (m)	Permissible height difference (m)		
	Vapor line	Liquid line	Equivalent length/ Actual length	Outdoor unit is higher	Outdoor unit is lower	oil
P224	ø19.1 *1(ø22.2)	ø9.5 *1(ø12.7)				
P280	ø22.2 *1(ø25.4)	ø9.5 *1(ø12.7)	190 /165 *2	50 40	40	NL10
P355	ø25.4 *1(ø28.6)	ø12.7 *1(ø15.9)				

• Follow the restriction shown in the table below when installing new refrigerant piping.

\*1 If the piping length exceeds 100 m, install pipes larger by one rank specified in ( ).

\*2 When total capacity of connected indoor unit exceeds 130 % of rated capacity, restrict the permissible piping length (actual length) to 100 m or less.

#### 4-4. Refrigerant piping - Selecting branch pipes and permissible lengths

- \* Follow the piping specification shown below when installing new refrigerant piping. When reusing existing piping, confirm that the existing piping meets the pipe specification shown in "4-2. Check existing piping specifications" on page 14.
- Make sure that the total extension refrigerant piping length is 520 m or less.
- If the refrigerant piping equivalent length exceeds 100 m, use pipes with diameters larger by one rank indicated in "4-3. Refrigerant piping installation specifications" on the previous page for the main liquid and vapor piping. Example: Ø 12.7 → Ø 15.9
- This unit uses R410A. Limit pressure of O material pipe with ø 19.1 diameter or larger is insufficient. Be sure to use 1/2H or H material pipes with minimum thickness or thicker. For ø 19.1 pipe only, however, as long as the thickness is 1.05 mm or greater, O materials can be used.
- Do not use a bent pipe with an external diameter of ø 28.6 or larger.
- Method of refrigerant piping can be selected from line branching, header branching, and line-header combined branching. Select the proper method according to the layout of indoor units.
- Refrigerant piping length and the height difference between indoor units should be arranged as short as possible.
- Re-branching after the header branching is not allowed.

#### Piping specifications (Use the following pipes)

- Piping material: Phosphate deoxidized copper seamless air-conditioning pipe JIS H3300, C1220T (Japanese technical standard) or equivalent.
- Refrigerant pipe specifications: Outer diameter × thickness (mm)
  - ø 6.4  $\times$  0.8 (O material or OL material) ø 9.5  $\times$  0.8 (O material or OL material)
  - ø 12.7  $\times$  0.8 (O material or OL material) ~ ø 15.9  $\times$  1.0 (O material or OL material)
  - ø 19.1 × 1.0 (1/2H or H material) \*1 ø 22.2 × 1.0 (1/2H or H material)
  - ø 25.4  $\times$  1.0 (1/2H or H material)
- ø 28.6  $\times$  1.0 (1/2H or H material)
- ø 31.8  $\times$  1.1 (1/2H or H material)
- ø 38.1  $\times$  1.35 (1/2H or H material)

\*1 For ø 19.1 pipe only, as long as the thickness is 1.05 mm or greater, O materials can be used.

Note) Refrigerant piping diameter must not exceed the outdoor unit main piping diameter.

(1) 【Main piping】 Betw	ain piping] Between outdoor unit and first branch (A on the following page)			
Outdoor unit	P224	P280	P355	
Vapor line (mm)	Ø19.1	Ø22.2	Ø25.4	
Liquid line (mm)	ø9.5		ø12.7	

(2) Piping between branches (B, C on the following page)					
Total capacity of down- stream indoor units (kW)	Less than 22.4	22.4 or more and less than 33.0	33.0 or more and less than 47.0	47.0 or more and less than 71.0	71.0 or more
Vapor line (mm)	Ø15.9	Ø22.2	Ø2	8.6	Ø31.8
Liquid line (mm)	ø9.5		Ø12.7	Ø15.9	ø19.1

(3) Piping between branch	veen branch and indoor unit (a, b, c, d, e and f on the following page)				
Indoor unit	P22,28,36,45,56	P71,90,112,140	P224	P280	
Vapor line (mm)	Ø12.7	Ø15.9	Ø19.1	ø22.2	
Liquid line (mm)	Ø 6.4	Ø 9.5			

#### Important Reminder

In the case of connection with AWS always remember only single unit installation is allowed. No branches nor headers are allowed as well as simultaneous connection of AWS and indoor units.

#### AWS line connection



(1) Warning
Always refer to AWS installation manual for maintenance clearance and position of the unit.
Always connect the AWS to the designed outdoor unit for AWS.
Never exceed the maximum allowed distance between AWS and GHP. Failure in doing so can result in malfunctioning of the units and invalidates the warranty.

Main Unit and Piping

#### Important Reminder

In the case of header branching or line-header combined branching, indoor units with capacity of P280 or larger cannot be connected after the header branching (c, d, e or f in the right figure). Connect the indoor units with capacity of P280 or larger to line branching (a or b in the right figure).



Selecting branch piping and permissible piping length

#### Line branching

Permissible piping lengthMaximum piping length (L) (Equivalent length/ Actual length)A + B + C + D + E + f190/165 m oMaximum piping length after the first branch (when a is the shortest length after the first branch (when a is the shortest length after the first branch)B + C + D + E + f60 m oPermissible height differenceHeight difference after the first branch (when a is the shortest length after the first branch) $\ell - a$ 40 m oPermissible height differenceHeight difference between indoor unit and out- door unit (H)When outdoor unit is higher than indoor unit When outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit50 m oHeight difference between indoor units (h)15 m o15 m oHeight difference between indoor units (h)15 m oHeight difference between indoor units (h)15 m o	ayout example When 6 indoor units onnected) ote: If there is a he ence between tions of in outdoor units small "trap p on the vapor 1 every 10 m as	are sight differ- the loca- door and s, apply a pipes' only line at least illustrated.	H First branch	r unit <u>l</u> <u>L</u> <u>c</u> D <u>c</u> E - <u>b</u> <u>l</u> <u>d</u> <u>l</u> <u>l</u> <u>l</u> <u>l</u> <u>d</u> <u>r</u> Indoor Indoor 1 unit 2 unit 3 unit 4	e Indoor unit 5 Indoor unit 6
PriminationMaximum piping length after the first branch ( $1$ )B + C + D + E + f60 m oPiping length difference after the first branch (when a is the shortest length after the first branch) (when a is the shortest length after the first branch)B + C + D + E + f60 m oPermissible height differenceHeight difference between indoor unit and out- door unit (H)When outdoor unit is higher than indoor unit50 m oWhen outdoor unit is lower than indoor unitWhen outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit50 m oHeight difference between indoor units (h)T5 m oHow to select the branch piping kit15 m o• Refer to the following table to select the branch piping kit because the size of branching pipe varies depending on the total capacity of connected indoor units (total capacity of the downstream indoor units)	ermissible Maxim	num piping length (L) valent length/ Actual length)	A + B + C + D + E + f		190/165 m or less
length       Piping length difference after the first branch (when a is the shortest length after the first branch)       ℓ - a       40 m o         Permissible height difference       Height difference between indoor unit and out- door unit (H)       When outdoor unit is higher than indoor unit       50 m o         When outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit       When outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit       40 m o         Height difference       Height difference between indoor units (h)       When outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit       40 m o         Height difference between indoor units (h)       Height difference between indoor units (h)       15 m o         How to select the branch piping kit       • Refer to the following table to select the branch piping kit because the size of branching pipe varies depending on the total capacity of connected indoor units (total capacity of the downstream indoor units	piping Maxim	num piping length after the first branch ( $l$ )	B + C + D + E + f		60 m or less
Permissible height difference         Height difference between indoor unit and out- door unit (H)         When outdoor unit is higher than indoor unit         50 m o           When outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit         When outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit         40 m o           Height difference between indoor units (h)         Height difference between indoor units (h)         15 m o           How to select the branch piping kit         • Refer to the following table to select the branch piping kit because the size of branching pipe varies depending on the total capacity of connected indoor units (total capacity of the downstream indoor units	Piping (when	length difference after the first branch a is the shortest length after the first branch)	<u>≬</u> -a		40 m or less
height       door unit (H)       When outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit       40 m o         difference       Height difference between indoor units (h)       15 m o         How to select the branch piping kit       •       Refer to the following table to select the branch piping kit because the size of branching pipe varies depending on the total capacity of connected indoor units (total capacity of the downstream indoor units (total	ermissible Height	t difference between indoor unit and out-	When outdoor unit is h	igher than indoor unit	50 m or less
difference       Height difference between indoor units (h)       15 m o         How to select the branch piping kit       • Refer to the following table to select the branch piping kit because the size of branching pipe varies depending on the total capacity of connected indoor units (total capacity of the downstream indoor units)	height door u	nit (H)	When outdoor unit is lo	ower than indoor unit	40 m or less
<ul> <li>How to select the branch piping kit</li> <li>Refer to the following table to select the branch piping kit because the size of branching pipe varies depending on the total capacity of connected indoor units (total capacity of the downstream indoor un</li> </ul>	lifference Height	t difference between indoor units (h)			15 m or less
	How to	<ul> <li>o select the branch piping kit</li> <li>Refer to the following table to select</li> <li>depending on the total capacity of cc</li> </ul>	the branch piping kit beca nnected indoor units (tota	ause the size of branching p al capacity of the downstrea	pipe varies im indoor units).
Classification Branch piping kit type		Classifi	cation	Branch piping kit type	
First branch for outdoor 22.4 / 28.0 KHRP26A33T		First branch for outdoor	22.4 / 28.0	KHRP26A33T	
unit capacity (kW) 35.5 KHRP26A72T		unit capacity (kW)	35.5	KHRP26A72T	
less than 22.4 KHRP26A22T			less than 22.4	KHRP26A22T	
Branch pipingSecond branch and after for downstream22.4 or more and less than 33.0KHRP26A33T	Branch piping	Second branch and after for downstream	22.4 or more and less than 33.0	KHRP26A33T	
indoor unit total capacity (kW) 33.0 or more and and less than 71.0 KHRP26A72T		indoor unit total capacity (kW)	33.0 or more and and less than 71.0	KHRP26A72T	
71.0 or more KHRP26A73T			71.0 or more	KHRP26A73T	
<ul> <li>Important reminder:</li> <li>Be sure to use the indoor unit piping and indoor branch piping that correspond to the indoor unit conne piping size.</li> <li>Always install the branch piping joint (both for vapor and liquid) so that the joint branches either horizon or vertically (Refer to "4-6" Notes for branch piping" on page 24.)</li> </ul>	Import •	tant reminder: Be sure to use the indoor unit piping a piping size. Always install the branch piping joint or vertically (Refer to "4.6. Notes for	and indoor branch piping (both for vapor and liquid	that correspond to the indoc ) so that the joint branches e	or unit connecting

\* When total capacity of connected indoor unit exceeds 130 % of rated capacity, restrict the permissible piping length (actual length) to 100 m.

#### Header branching

Layout examp (When 6 indo connected) Note: If ther ence tions outdoo small <sup>4</sup> the va every 1	ble or units are e is a height differ- between the loca- of indoor and r units, apply a 'trap pipes'' only on apor line at least 10 m as illustrated.		H H H H H	unit	e Indoor unit 5 Indoor unit 6
Permissible	Maximum piping lo (Equivalent length/	ength (L) 'Actual length)	A + f		190/165 m or less
piping	Maximum piping ler	ngth after the first branch ( $l$ )	f		60 m or less
length	Piping length differe (when a is the shorte	nce after the first branch est length after the first branch)	<u>≬</u> - a		40 m or less
Permissible	Height difference b	between indoor unit and out-	When outdoor unit is hi	igher than indoor unit	50 m or less
height door unit (H)		When outdoor unit is lo	wer than indoor unit	40 m or less	
difference	Height difference b	between indoor units (h)			15 m or less
	How to select the h	eader piping kit			
Connect crimp piping (locally procured accordance with the number of conner		d) to the branching points cted indoor units.	s (on the indoor unit conne	ection side) in	
	Refer to the second secon	he header branching kit (sol	d separately) for the crim	p piping size.	
		Total capacity of down- stream indoor units (kW)	Header kit type	Number of branches	
		less than 22.4	KHRP26M22H	Up to 4 branches	
Dronoh		22.4 or more and less than 33.0	KHRP26M33H		
piping		33.0 or more and less than 71.0	KHRP26M72H	Up to 8 branches	
		71.0 or more	KHRP26M73H		
	Important reminder	r:			
	Be sure to piping size	o use the header branching a e.	and indoor unit piping tha	at correspond to the indoor	r unit connecting
	<ul> <li>Always ins horizontal</li> </ul>	stall the header branching jo ly. (Refer to "4-6. Notes for t	bint (both vapor and liquid branch piping" on page 24	l sides) so that the joint br 4.)	anches
	<ul> <li>Re-branching after the header branching is not allowed. Besides, the indoor unit with capacity of P280 larger can not be connected after the header branching.</li> </ul>			pacity of P280 or	

\* When total capacity of connected indoor unit exceeds 130 % of rated capacity, restrict the permissible piping length (actual length) to 100 m.

Line - header combined branching

Layout examp (When 6 indoo connected) Note: If there ence b tions outdoor small " the va every 1	le or units are e is a height differ- between the loca- of indoor and r units, apply a trap pipes" only on por line at least 0 m as illustrated.		H First branch	door unit	e oor Indoor t 4 unit 5 Indoor unit 6
Permissible	Maximum piping lo (Equivalent length/	ength (L) /Actual length)	A + B + C + f		190/165 m or less
piping length	Maximum piping ler	ngth after the first branch ( $l$ )	B + C + f		60 m or less
longin	Piping length differe (when a is the shorte	ence after the first branch est length after the first branch)	≬ - a		40 m or less
Permissible	Height difference b	between indoor unit and out-	When outdoor unit is I	higher than indoor unit	50 m or less
height dif-	door unit (H)		When outdoor unit is I	ower than indoor unit	40 m or less
	Height difference b	between indoor units (h)			15 m or less
	<ul> <li>How to select the branch piping kit</li> <li>Refer to the following table to select the branch piping kit because the size of branching pipe varies depending on the total capacity of connected indoor units (total capacity of the downstream indoor units).</li> </ul>				
		Classifica	ation	Branch piping kit type	
		First branch for outdoor unit	22.4 / 28.0	KHRP26A33T	
		capacity (KVV)	35.5	KHRP26A72T	
			less than 22.4	KHRP26A22T	
		Second branch and after for downstream indoor unit	22.4 or more and less than 33.0	KHRP26A33T	
		total capacity (kW)	33.0 or more and less than 71.0	KHRP26A72T	
			71.0 or more	KHRP26A73T	
Branch piping	<ul> <li>Be sure to use piping size.</li> <li>Always install vertically. (Ref How to select the h</li> <li>Connect crimp dance with the</li> <li>Refer to the h</li> </ul>	e the indoor unit piping and the branch piping joint (bot fer to "4-6. Notes for branch neader piping kit o piping (locally procured) to e number of connecting indo eader branching kit (sold se	indoor branch piping the h for vapor and liquid) s piping" on page 24.) the branching points (o oor units. eparately) for the crimp (	at correspond to the indoo o that the joint branches e on the indoor unit connect piping size.	or unit connecting either horizontally or tion side) in accor-
		Total capacity of down- stream indoor units (kW)	Header kit type	Number of branches	
		less than 22.4	KHRP26M22H	Up to 4 branches	
		22.4 or more and less than 33.0	KHRP26M33H		
		33.0 or more and less than 71.0	KHRP26M72H	Up to 8 branches	
		71.0 or more	KHRP26M73H		
	<ul> <li>Important reminder</li> <li>Be sure to use size.</li> <li>Always install horizontally. (F</li> <li>Re-branching</li> </ul>	r: the header branching and the header branching joint Refer to "4-6. Notes for bran after the header branching	indoor unit piping that co (both vapor and liquid si ich piping" on page 24.)	prrespond to the indoor un ides) so that the joint bran	nit connecting piping inches
	can not be co	nnected after the header br	anching.	are mooor unit with capat	aty of 1 200 of larger

\* When total capacity of connected indoor unit exceeds 130 % of rated capacity, restrict the permissible piping length (actual length) to 100 m.

#### 4-5. Precautions during the installation of refrigerant piping

1) Precautions against refrigerant leakage



- The limit concentration is the threshold that the emergency procedures can be performed without affecting the human body when refrigerant has leaked into the air.
   Limit concentration: 0.3 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- At the time of shipping, the outdoor unit has already been charged with the refrigerant shown below. To calculate the total amount of refrigerant, add the amount of refrigerant charged at the installation site to the amount charged at factory.

Outdoor unit	Refrigerant type	Charged amount of refrigerant (at the time of shipping) (kg)
P224		
P280	R410A	11.0
P355		

• A reference for the minimum room volume and floor area in relation to the refrigerant amount is shown in the right graph. If the calculated concentration exceeds the limit concentration, be sure to take either of the following countermeasures.

#### Countermeasure1:

Provide an opening whose area is 0.15 % or more of the floor area at the bottom of each door. Or, provide an opening without a door.

Countermeasure2:

Provide a mechanical ventilation system linked to a gas leakage detection device.



Main Unit and Piping

#### 2) General precautions





Caution

**Be sure to collect the cleaning liquid after washing.** Indiscriminate chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) emission into the atmosphere is prohibited by law. Dispose of the refrigerant as required by relevant local and national regulations.

#### Important reminder

- The R410A specification requires stringent control of impurities, such as moisture and foreign material. The following precautions must be strictly followed during installation in order to prevent damage to the equipment.
- During brazing, always supply nitrogen gas through the piping. Brazing without supplying nitrogen gas can create oxide film and cause equipment breakdown.
- Do not use any antioxidant sold on the market. It may have an adverse effect on the refrigerant and refrigerant oil, resulting in equipment breakdown.

#### Refrigerant piping installation

- During the installation of the piping, always close off the ends of the piping with tape or caps to prevent moisture, dust or other impurities from entering.
- Always sufficiently flush the inside of the piping with nitrogen gas to remove foreign object, moisture and other impurities.
- Always use a pipe cutter to cut the pipes.
- Inside of cut sections has burrs. Always remove these burrs before flare processing.
- In order to prevent oxide film from forming inside the piping during brazing, always braze with nitrogen gas flowing through the piping with a pressure reduction valve. The appropriate nitrogen gas pressure is 0.02 MPa. (You feel breeze on your cheek at this pressure.)
- When supplying nitrogen gas through the piping during brazing, ensure that the end of the pipe that the nitrogen is flowing into is sealed Nitrogen to prevent air from entering.
- Route the refrigerant piping so as to provide a space for servicing.

- Sealing test and vacuuming
  - In order to prevent mixing of other refrigerant or refrigerant oil, be sure to use a gauge manifold, charging hose and vacuum pump that are exclusively for R410A.
  - Be sure to perform a sealing test. If R410A leaks, there is a possibility that the composition of the refrigerant inside the equipment will change. If there is a leak, the refrigerant must be recovered and then recharged. Do not perform additional charging. (See "4-8. 1) Refrigerant vapor leakage test" on page 26.)
  - Since systems with R410A are much more susceptible to damage from moisture than systems with the previous type of refrigerant, always perform a thorough vacuuming (drying) to prevent equipment breakdown. (See "4-8. 2) Vacuuming with a vacuum pump" on page 27.)
- Charging refrigerant
  - Never charge R410A as a vapor. Always charge as a liquid. Charging as a vapor may cause a compositional change of the refrigerant, and could result in a performance decline or a breakdown.
- Notes when doing flare process

The R410A flare dimensions differ from the previous R407C dimensions.

We recommend using the R410A flare tool, but if the protrusion amount B can be adjusted with the protrusion adjusting gauge, the old tool can be used.

Flare pipe end: A (mm)



Copper pipe outer diameter	<b>A</b> <sup>0</sup> <sub>-0.4</sub>
ø 6.4	9.1
ø 9.5	13.2
ø 12.7	16.6
ø 15.9	19.7
ø 19.1	24.0

Protrusion amount of copper pipe for flare process: B (mm)



Copper pipe outer	In the case of rigid (clutch)			
diameter	When using the R410A tool	When using the old tool		
ø 6.4				
ø 9.5				
ø 12.7	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5		
ø 15.9				
ø 19.1				

Precautions when connecting flare nuts



Warning

Tighten the flare nuts with an open-end wrench and a torque wrench to check that the tightening torque is proper.

If the torque is not proper, the refrigerant may leak and cause an accident due to lack of oxygen due to broken or loosened joints.

#### Flare nut tightening torque

Outer diameter (mm)	Nominal diameter (inch)	Flare tightening torque (N.m)
6.4	1/4	14 to 18
9.5	3/8	34 to 42
12.7	1/2	49 to 61
15.9	5/8	68 to 82
19.1	3/4	100 to 120

• If you have no choice but to tighten the flare nut without a torque wrench, tighten the nut from the point where the tightening torque increases by the angle shown below as a guide.

#### **Tightening angle**

Pipe diameter	Tightening angle
ø 6.4, ø 9.5	60° to 90°
ø 12.7, ø 15.9, ø 19.1	30° to 60°

 Apply refrigerant oil lightly to the inner surface of the piping joint sheet before tightening the flare nut.

#### Others

- The refrigerant oil absorbs moisture from the air. The following notes must be observed when refrigerant oil refilling is necessary for service.
  - Perform charging operation as quick as possible.
  - Open the container lid immediately before using.
  - · Discard any oil remaining after use.
  - Keep the lid of the container tightly closed when the refrigerant oil is temporarily stored during the charging operation.
- Refrigerant piping cure for storage (Curing method)

Be sure to cure the end of piping to prevent any moisture, dirt, and dust. Failure to do so may cause a serious trouble due to moisture intrusion.

#### (Curing Method)





**Main Unit and Piping** 



#### 4-6. Notes for branch piping

# Important reminder When connecting the branch pipe, do not bend the main pipe near the connection. If such bending is unavoidable, provide a minimum of 150 mm of straight portion. However, do not use a bent pipe with an external diameter of ø 28.6 or larger.

- Do not perform another branching after the header branching.
- When performing header branching, connect the crimp pipe (locally procured) in accordance with the number of indoor units connected.



• Always install line branch pipes to make either "vertical branching" or "horizontal branching" for both vapor and liquid lines.



• Always install header branch pipes to make "horizontal branching" for both vapor and liquid lines.

		Horizontal	
Vapor line	Floor Floor Correct	Floor Surface Wrong	Floor Surface Wrong
Liquid line	Floor surface Correct	Wrong	Floor Surface Wrong

#### 4-7. Stop valve connections and opening / closing

- 1) Stop valve connections
  - Both of liquid and vapor line pipings must be brazed when connecting.

#### Important reminder

- Connect refrigerant piping with the stop valves on the outdoor unit fully closed (factory default). Do not operate the stop valves until all the refrigerant piping for the indoor and outdoor units has been connected, and the refrigerant leakage test, vacuuming operation and additional refrigerant charging has been completed. Note that both the vapor and liquid line valves must be fully open in operating.
- Take extra care not to damage the power supply wire, communication wire, condensation water drain port, or exhaust water drain hose by brazing flame when brazing the refrigerant pipes to the stop valves.
- 2) Opening and closing the stop valves
  - Open the liquid line stop valve first, then open the vapor line stop valve.
  - 1. Remove the cap.
  - 2. Turn the valve shaft by 90° counterclockwise with an open-end wrench. The valve is fully opened at the position where the pin hits the stopper.
  - 3. Firmly tighten the cap.

Liquid line	10 to 15 N•m
Vapor line	26 to 32 N•m





(Be sure to supply nitrogen gas form the service ports when brazing.)

#### 4-8. Refrigerant vapor leakage test and vacuuming

1) Refrigerant vapor leakage test



- 1. Remove the service port caps of the stop valves. Connect the gauge manifold as shown in the illustration below. Open V1, V2 and V3 and pressurize with nitrogen gas.
  - Keep the stop valves closed. Always pressurize both the liquid and vapor pipings.
  - The test pressure must be 37bar (3.7MPa) for standard GHP unit and 33bar (3.3MPa) for renewal GHP unit.
- 2. Slowly increase the pressure to the specified pressure. Do not increase the pressure quickly.
  - a) Once 0.5 MPa is applied, hold the pressure and let stand for 5 minutes or more. Check that there is no pressure drop.
  - b) Next, increase the pressure to 1.5 MPa and again let stand for 5 minutes or more. Confirm that the pressure does not drop.
  - c) After that, increase the pressure to the specified value and note the ambient temperature and pressure.
  - d) Let stand at the specified pressure for one day. If there is no pressure drop, the system is OK. If the ambient temperature changes by 1 C°, the pressure changes 0.01 MPa accordingly. Judge if there is refrigerant leakage taking account of temperature change before and after the leakage test period.
  - e) If a drop in pressure is detected through steps a-d, there is a leakage. Apply soapy solution to the welded sections and flare joints to determine the leaking section's locations and then fix them. Perform the leakage test again once the leaks have been fixed.



#### 2) Vacuuming with a vacuum pump



- Vacuuming must be performed with the stop valves on the outdoor unit "fully closed".
- Do not perform an air purge with the refrigerant inside the outdoor unit or the refrigerant tank.
- Use a vacuum pump which is able to attain pressure lower than -101 kpa (-755 mmHg).

Apply vacuuming at the both service ports of the liquid and vapor line stop valves.



[When there is a possibility of moisture intrusion in piping]

- ① Increase the pressure to 0.05 Mpa with nitrogen gas after vacuuming for 2 hours or more.
- 2 Then, perform vacuuming again for 1 hour or more and make sure the pressure has reached -101 kpa.
- ③ If the pressure does not reach -101 kpa after 2 hours of vacuuming, repeat steps ① and ② until the pressure reaches -101 kpa.
- ④ After the pressure has reached -101 kpa or lower, let stand for 1 hour and make sure that the pressure of the vacuum gauge does not rise.
- \* Meaning of the possibility of moisture intrusion in piping Apply the procedure above when there is any possibility of internal condensation or rainwater intrusion inside the refrigerant piping arising from long construction period during rainy weather like in the rainy season.

(Note) Keep the following points in mind, for this unit is an R410A model.

- To avoid cross-contamination with other types of oil, make sure to separate maintenance tools according to the type of refrigerant used. In particular, never use the same gauge manifold and charge hose with other refrigerants (R22, R407C etc.).
- · Use a backflow prevention adapter to prevent vacuum pump oil from entering the refrigeration system.



#### 4-9. Refrigerant charging

#### Important reminder

- When charging the refrigerant, accurately measure the length of the piping and charge the proper amount of refrigerant. If the amount of refrigerant is not proper, performance will decline or a breakdown could occur.
- After completion of refrigerant charging, write down the installation record on the plate "POINTS" FOR INSTALLATION" inside the outdoor unit control box panel. Besides, calculate the refrigerant amount for the whole system and write down the amount on the plate. Calculation formula is shown on the plate. (Write with a permanent marker so that the record does not disappear easily.)

#### 1) Refrigerant charging amount

Always check the refrigerant gas factory charge on the unit label before calculating the amount to be added. Calculate the amount of refrigerant to be charged according to the following formula and liquid piping length for each size of the piping.

[When the GHP is connected to direct expansion indoor units]

Charge amount (kg)= ( ℓ 1 × 0.353) + ( ℓ 2 × 0.250) + ( ℓ 3 × 0.170) + ( ℓ 4 × 0.110) + ( ℓ 5 × 0.054) + ( ℓ 6 × 0.022) + Q<sub>de</sub>

Where Q<sub>de</sub> depends on the number of connected indoor units or the size of the AHU according to the table below.

[When the GHP is connected to YOSHI AWS E1]

Charge amount (kg)= (ℓ1 × 0.353) + (ℓ2 × 0.250) + (ℓ3 × 0.170) + (ℓ4 × 0.110) + (ℓ5 × 0.054) + (ℓ6 × 0.022) + Q<sub>aws</sub>

 $l_1$ : Liquid piping ø 22.2 total length (m)  $l_2$ : Liquid piping ø 19.1 total length (m)  $l_3$ : Liquid piping ø 15.9 total length (m)

 $\int_{4}$ : Liquid piping ø 12.7 total length (m)  $\int_{5}$ : Liquid piping ø 9.5 total length (m)

 $\int_{6^{\circ}}$  Liquid piping ø 6.4 total length (m)

Type of indoor system	Q <sub>de</sub> [kg]	Q <sub>aws</sub> [kg]
Direct expansion single indoor unit	0,0	-
Direct expansion multiple indoor unit	1,0	-
Direct expansion air handling unit AHU	Refer to manufacturer specification	-
Air water system YOSHI AWS	-	0,0

#### Refrigerant charging method



#### Important reminder

- Always charge the refrigerant as a liquid in the tank. Charging as a vapor may cause a compositional change of the refrigerant, and could result in a performance decline or a breakdown.
- Always use a refrigerant scale when charging the refrigerant. Using a charging cylinder may cause a compositional change of the refrigerant, and could result in a performance decline or a breakdown.
- To avoid cross-contamination with other oil types, make sure to separate maintenance tools according to the type of refrigerant used. In particular, never use the gauge manifold and charging hose with other refrigerants (R22, R407C etc.).

- 1. Place the tank (with the siphon pipe attached) on the refrigerant scale.
- 2. Remove the charging hose from the vacuum pump and connect it to the tank.
- Perform an air purge of the inside of the charging hose from the tank to the gauge manifold.
- 4. Open the valves V2 and V3 and charge the required amount of refrigerant in the liquid phase. After the charging is completed, close the valves V2 and V3.



#### 4-10. Refrigerant piping insulation and heat retention



- Retain heat by applying insulating material separately to the vapor and liquid pipings.
- Use insulating material with a heat resistance of 120 °C or more. After the refrigerant gas leakage test has been performed, use dressing tape to wrap the insulation.



- 4-11. How to secure refrigerant piping
  - If the antivibration mount is used, the distance to the first fixed point of refrigerant piping must be at least L = 1.5 m.



## **5.** Fuel Gas Piping Installation



#### Important reminder

- Do not apply pressure of over 4.2 kPa when testing the fuel gas line for leakage. Doing so could damage the regulator inside the unit.
- The gas piping for the outdoor unit must be installed as shown below.
- The device shown as 1 in the drawing below must be installed. This device is for servicing the fuel system.
- Install the devices shown as 2 and 3 as necessary. These devices are for checking the supplied gas pressure and filtering the gas.





Rear side of outdoor unit

## 6. Drain Piping Installation

#### 1) Exhaust water drain piping installation

	Warning
$\bigcirc$	Never share the same pipe between the exhaust drain for the outdoor unit and the exhaust water drain for the indoor unit. If exhaust gas flows into the building, it could cause gas poisoning or an accident due to lack of oxygen.
	<ul> <li>Arrange the piping so that the exhaust gas in the exhaust drain is released to the atmosphere in the following cases.</li> <li>a) The exhaust drain hose of the outdoor unit is connected to the catch basin or ditch with a lid.</li> <li>b) The exhaust drain water of the outdoor unit is released at the same location as the drain water of the indoor unit.</li> <li>If the exhaust gas is not released into the atmosphere, gas poisoning or an accident due to lack of oxygen could occur.</li> </ul>

Caution
<ul> <li>When installing the outdoor unit on a roof, route the exhaust drain for the outdoor unit to the drain for rainwater.</li> <li>Routing the exhaust drain directly onto the roof may stain the concrete or damage the water- proof sheet if fitted.</li> </ul>

#### Important reminder

- Extend the exhaust water drain piping to the appropriate outlet as shown on the following page, because condensation water from the exhaust gas drains from the exhaust water drain hose of the outdoor unit.
- Always provide downward gradient for the drain piping. Otherwise, the exhaust drain water will accumulate in the piping and damage the unit.
- Take care not to clog up the end of the exhaust water drain hose when inserting the hose to the exhaust water drain pipe. Otherwise, the exhaust drain water will accumulate in the hose and damage the unit.
- When the drain piping is a combined piping, provide openings (breathers) upstream of the connecting points of the pipes to avoid back pressure.



#### Important reminder in the cold district

#### [Installation]

- Make antifreezing treatment on the exhaust water drain piping in the cold district (the area where the outside air temperature can fall below 0 °C) to prevent drain water freezing. Drain water freezing will damage the unit.
- Do not make antifreezing treatment on the pipe where the exhaust water drain hose is inserted. (See below.) Otherwise, the portion will overheat and damage the unit.



#### [Unit]

- Install an exhaust water drain hose with heater (sold separately) in the cold district (the area where the outside air temperature can fall below 0 °C). Refer to the installation manual attached to the exhaust water drain hose with heater for installation method.
- The cold district specification unit contains the exhaust water drain hose with heater in the engine compartment. Be sure to pull out the hose from the outdoor unit referring to the installation manual attached to the hose. Failing to pull out the hose will damage the unit.

#### 2) Condensation water drain piping installation

 Condensation water on the surface of the accumulator will drain from the condensation water drain port. Connect a hose on the market to the condensation water drain port and install the drain piping if there is a problem due to condensation water dripping. In such a case, take appropriate measures such as fixing the end of the hose to prevent the condensation water from reaching the location where the condensation water causes the problem. (If you connect the hose to the hard PVC pipe, prevent the hose from coming off the pipe.)

#### [Example of installation]



- Avoid sharing the same pipe between the condensation water drain and exhaust water drain as much as possible. If you need to share the same pipe between the condensation water drain and exhaust water drain, be sure to follow the following instructions when installing. Otherwise, exhaust gas could enter the outdoor unit and cause a breakdown.
  - •The joint between the condensation water drain hose and exhaust water drain hose must be released to the atmosphere. (Do not seal up the joint opening with the caulking material or other materials.)
  - Provide openings (breathers) upstream of the connecting points of the condensation water drain hose and exhaust water drain hose.
  - Be sure to follow the instructions and precautions in "1) Exhaust water drain piping installation" on page 31.



## 7. How to Extend Exhaust Pipe

- Use stainless steel or polymer section pipes with a diameter of 80 mm for exhaust pipe extension.
- Make sure the pipes for extension can withstand temperatures up to 120° and acid condensed water.

#### 1) Precautions for exhaust pipe extension



 Try to avoid extending the exhaust pipe in areas where the outside temperature falls to 0 C<sup>o</sup> or less because the inside of the exhaust pipe may freeze.

#### 2) Exhaust pipe extension

- Extended the exhaust pipe according to the following procedure by referring to the figure below.
- 1. Remove the exhaust top from the outdoor unit exhaust port.
- 2. Connect the extra sections sequentially from the outdoor unit side, and extend the exhaust pipe to the desired position following the restriction below.
  - Total length of the exhaust pipe extension shall not exceed 15 m.
  - Total number of exhaust pipe bends (bending angle = 90 °) shall not exceed 5 (each equivalent length 1m).
  - The extended pipe shall be anchored to the building or similar structure with fixing brackets every 1.5 to 2 m.
  - · The exhaust pipe shall not be gathered or connected with the other exhaust pipe.
- 3. Attach the exhaust top at th outlet of the extended exhaust pipe paying attention to the following:
  - The angle of the exhaust vent plane shall be vertical to the ground by adjusting the elbow pipes so that rainwater may not enter the exhaust pipe directly.
  - Apply silicone caulking material at the lower part of the metal mesh in accordance with the following figure so that the drain water may not drip from the exhaust top. (Refer to the figure below.)



• When installing the outdoor unit on the antivibration mount, the extended exhaust pipe may come off due to the vibration. In such a case, the only acceptable extension is the following.



#### 3) Installation check

• Make sure that there is no leakage of exhaust gas or exhaust drain water form the exhaust pipe joints by performing test operation after completing the exhaust pipe extension.

#### 8.

## **Summary of Electric Wiring Installation**



Important reminder
 Select an "inverter type" electric leakage breaker that will not be affected by high-frequency leakage currents.

#### 8-1. Opening for power supply wires / signal wires



\*Bundle power supply wires and signal wires to avoid contact with the pipes.



#### 8-2. Wiring example (AC 230V single phase)



Out - Out: communication line outdoor unit - outdoor unit and/or central remote controller

## **9.** Electric Wire Specifications and Precautions

#### 9-1. Power supply wire

### A Warning

The specifications for the electrical wiring and the selection of the appropriate size must be in accordance with the relevant local and national regulations and technical standards.

Improper wiring can result in overheating, short circuit or fire.

- Always install a C class circuit breaker before the GHP outdoor unit. Specifications are listed in the table below.
- Use copper conductors only.
- Use insulated wire for the power cord.
- Select the power supply cable type and size in accordance with the relevant local and national regulations and technical standards.
- Specification for local wiring are in compliance with IEC60245.
- Always ground the unit in accordance with the relevant technical standards. Use a ground wire of ø 2.0 mm or more secured to the designated grounding screw.
- Use M4 crimp terminals to connect wires to the terminal block.
- Select the power supply wire size in accordance with following table.

#### C class circuit breaker Power supply wire Outdoor Power supply Sensitivity current Minimum Maximum line length Rated current unit thickness overcurrent protection earth leakage protection \* P224 Single phase P280 20 A 0,03 A 3.5 mm2 53 m (34 m) 230 V AC P355

#### Power supply for one outdoor unit (Indoor unit has separate power supply)

X Select the figure in ( ) when high static pressure mode is selected.

The values in the upper table are reference based on Japanese regulation. Follow the relevant local and national regulations and technical standards.
 The maximum line length in the table above makes voltage drop 2%. If the length exceeds the value shown above, review the wire thickness.

- Install an over-current breaker and an electric leakage breaker to each outdoor unit in accordance with the table above and install wiring.
- The power supply wire of the indoor units must be taken from the branch circuit exclusively for the indoor units.
- Follow the wiring procedure described in the installation manual attached to the indoor units with regard to the power supply wiring, the over-current breaker, and the electric leakage breaker to be connected to the indoor units.

#### 9-2. Signal wire between indoor-outdoor units and outdoor-outdoor units



- Signal wires between indoor-outdoor units and outdoor-outdoor units have no polarity.
   The length of the signal wires between indees without units and outdoor units an
- The length of the signal wires between indoor-outdoor units and outdoor-outdoor units must not exceed the following:
  - Longest wiring length: 1000 meters
  - Total wiring length: 2000 meters
- Use M3 crimp terminals to connect wires to the terminal block.
- Be sure to use vinyl sheathed wire or cable with 2 cores for signal wire in accordance with the relevant local and national regulations and technical standards.

#### 9-3. Remote control wire

• Connect terminals of the remote control wire (P1,P2) to the indoor unit terminals (P1,P2) (P1 and P2 terminals have no polarity).

#### Wire specifications

Type of wire	Vinyl sheath code or cable
Thickness	0.75 to 1.25 mm <sup>2</sup>

• Peel the sheathed part of the wire passing through the inside of the remote controller case.



#### Important reminder

When installing the wiring, be sure to keep signal wires away from the power supply wires so that the signal wires are not affected by electrical noise (external noise).

## 

## **10.** Power Supply Wiring Procedure

#### 10-1. Wiring instruction



#### Important reminder

- Do not connect the indoor-outdoor unit signal wires of a different system. Doing so could result in improper operation.
- Refer to the "Technical guide book" for the details of the indoor and outdoor unit, centralized control unit and adapter connectable to the network.

#### 10-2. Wiring length

The wiring length of indoor-outdoor and outdoor-outdoor signal wires except the wiring of the remote controller must not exceed the following restriction:

- Longest wiring length: 1000 meters
- Total wiring length: 2000 meters

(When using shielded wires, the total wire length is restricted up to 1500 meters.)

System example



● In the above system, the longest wiring distance is 900 m between ④ and ☉, which satisfies the longest wiring length limit of 1000 m. And the total length, which is the total of 900 m between ④ and ☉, and 200 m between ⑧ and ☉ is 1100 m. This also satisfies the total wiring limit of 2000 m. The system functions properly only when both the longest wiring length and the total wiring length are within the limit as shown above.

#### Important reminder

Be sure to check the longest wiring length and the total wiring length at the time of designing. When the length exceeds the acceptable restriction range, consider dividing the system or installing a D III –NET extension adapter (sold separately) additionally.

#### 10-3. Branch wiring

The following 3 wiring methods are acceptable.

Series wiring



■ Bus wiring (Up to 10 branches, re-branching after the branch is not possible)



Star wiring (Up to 10 branches, re-branching after the branch is not possible)



Note) Although the above figures show the examples using the centralized controller, the same wiring system can be used with other centralized control devices.

## 11. Various Function Settings

All function settings of the outdoor unit in this model are performed by board maintenance function by AISIN authorized personnel.



#### 11-1. Address setting method of the indoor and outdoor units

- The address setting of the outdoor and indoor units is performed automatically.
- When the centralised remote controller is added, set the group address to the indoor units with the standard remote controller. If the standard remote controller is not installed provide that the service centre brings a spare one to set the group address on each unit.

#### 11-2. EEP dip switch setting

This model has EEP dip switches inside the outdoor unit circuit board. Refer to "List of EEP dip switch settings" on the following page for the contents of the switches and the factory default setting





#### List of EEP dip switch settings

EEP dip switch	Pin No		Functions			Othe	r			Factory default			
	1	Period	lic inspectior	display	OFF:	Not available	/ ON: Avai	lable		ON			
	2									OFF			
1	3	Snow blowing function *1						0 10	FF standard sp V Cold district s	ec. pec.			
Setting can be	4	Exhaust gas temperature			OFF:	Not available	/ ON: Avai	lable	0	FF standard sp N catalyser sp	ec. ec.		
changed with check code No.80	5	Conc	hitional silent	mode						OFF			
	6	Energy saving mode								OFF			
		Co	ombination N	/lulti	OFF:	Backup starts	after error	reset	0	FF standard spe	ec.		
	7	ba	ckup functio	n *3		On: Automat	c backup		ON co	ombination mult	i spec.		
	8									ON			
	1	Setting o	of cool / heat	switching	OFF:	Indoor unit / C	N: Outdoor	unit	OFF unit for DX ON unit for AWS		( S		
2	2	Master	OFF		ON	Master	OFF	Dependent	ON	Individual	ON		
	3	control *3	OFF	Prohibited	OFF	collective	ON	collective	ON	setting	ON		
Setting can be	4					·				OFF			
changed with check code No.81	5									OFF			
	6									OFF			
	7	Outdoor fan high static pressure mode			OFF: Not available / ON: Available				OFF				
	8									OFF			
	1									OFF			
	2									OFF			
3	3	Reserved area *4											
Setting can be	4	Reserved area *4						Depends	on models - Do	not change			
changed with	5	Reserved area *4											
check code	6									OFF			
110.02	7									OFF			
	8									OFF			
	1									OFF			
	2									OFF			
4	3									OFF			
Cotting con ho	4									OFF			
changed with	5									OFF			
check code No.83	6	Data ce	a setting stat Intralized co	us for htrol		OFF: Not set	/ ON: Set			OFF			
	7									OFF			
	8	Au	utomatic test	run		OFF: Not set	/ ON: Set			OFF			
	1									OFF			
	2									OFF			
5	3									OFF			
Setting can be	4									OFF			
changed with	5									OFF			
check code	6									OFF			
N0.84	7									OFF			
	, 8									OFF			

\*1 This setting is "ON" only when the outdoor unit is cold district specification. Change this setting to "ON" in the cold district or heavy snowfall area.

\*2 This setting is "ON" only when the deodorizing catalyst is installed. Be sure to change this setting "ON" when installing the deodorizing option.

\*3 As for Combination Multi type, the setting of the master outdoor unit (outdoor unit with the outdoor-indoor communication wires connected) is reflected on this unit's operation. Only available for P450 to P710.

\*4 Do not rewrite this data.

EEP dip switch setting is set in the "check mode". Disconnect the personal computer, and then, select the check mode.

#### 1) How to change the current mode to the check mode

- Press the MODE SELECT switch. The mode LED (LED15) lights up in green. (Proceeding to the monitoring mode)
- 2. Press and hold the SET and CLEAR switches at the same time. The mode LED (LED15) lights up in red. (Proceeding to the check mode)
  - \* You can not proceed to the check mode within 20 seconds after turning the power on, or during system operaton.
  - \* You can not proceed to the check mode while the remote controller is on.

#### 2) Changing EEP dip switch settings

 Press the CODE No. UP or CODE No. DOWN switch to select the check code No. 80 to 84 as follows. (Refer to "List of EEP dip switch settings" on the previous page for the details about EEP dip switch function.)

	Code L E D 6	No. S LED5	witch pin LED4	No. LED3	on/oF L E D 2	status L E D 1	₩oF means OFF
Display when the setting is	E			—	ı_ı	F	
UFF	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	
	SW 1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW 5	SW6	
	CODE UP	No. DOWN	INDOOR SELECT	MODE SELEC	CLEAR	SET	
	LED6	LED5	LED4	LED3	LED2	LED1	
Display when	E			-		ı–ı	
ON	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	
	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW 5	SW6	
	CODE UP	No. DOWN	INDOOR SELECT	MODE SELEC	CLEAR	SET	

- Select the switch pin number by pressing the INDOOR SELECT switch.
   (You can change the display as 1 → 2 → • → 8 → 1 each time you press the switch.)
- Press the SET switch. LED1 and LED2 start to flash. At this time, on/oF setting can be changed by pressing the CODE No. UP or CODE No. DOWN switch.
   (Each press of either CODE No. UP or CODE No. DOWN switch changes the setting between on and oF.)
- 4. After selecting oF or on, press the SET switch to input the current setting. The display returns to lighting up.
  - \* If you press the CLEAR switch while the display is flashing, you can return the display to lighting up without inputting the current setting.

#### 11-3. Gas type setting

🔿 Warning
<ul> <li>Gas type selection must be changed by AISIN Authorised Technical Service Centre qualified personnel. Factory settings are chosen depending on the GHP version. Failure to observe this prescription makes the warranty no longer valid.</li> <li>If, by any chance, changing the gas type setting is necessary, please contact with the AISIN Authorised Technical Service Centre.</li> <li>The installation of further components may be needed when changing gas type to LPG. Please contact with the AISIN Authorised Technical Service Technical Service Centre.</li> </ul>

Gas type setting is set in the "check mode". Disconnect the personal computer, and then, select the check mode. To select the check mode, refer to "12-2. 1) How to change the current mode to the check mode" on the previous page. The AISN GHP can work with several supply gas types. Gas type can be chosen by adjusting one setting of the outdoor unit PC. In some cases it can be necessary to install a catalyser and/or replace the gas mixer.

#### 1) How to set the gas type

1. Press the CODE No. UP or CODE No. DOWN switch and select the check code No. 76 as follows.



 Press the SET switch. LED1 to LED4 start to flash. At this time, the gas type can be changed by pressing the CODE No. UP or CODE No. DOWN switch. (Refer to the following table for the details about the gas type). If you press the CLEAR switch while the display is flashing, you can go back to the previous screen without changing the gas type.

Display	Gas type
13 A	NATURAL GAS G20 (H erdgas)
12 A	NATURAL GAS G25 (L erdgas)
iPro *	LPG (G30/G31)
H or E	Not in use

- 3. After selecting the gas type, press and hold the SET switch to input the current setting. The display stops blinking and the selected gas type is shown.
- 4. Exit the check mode by pressing the MODE key for more than three seconds. The indoor unit recognition procedure starts back.
- Propane Butane mixtures are allowed up to 70% Propane and 30% Butane. Other mixtures, outside the indicated range, are not allowed.

Installation of the external gas regulator

Whereas the supply gas pressure was higher than the prescribed one, indicated on the AISIN GHP plate, or anyway LPG (G30/G31) is used as supply gas, install an external gas regulator, such as the on described in the figure.

(eg. Madas model RG/2MTA DN 20 20 – 60 mbar or similar, CE marked, EN88 compliant).



#### 11-4. Field settings with the remote controller

- Master control setting
  - What is master control? Only master remote controller can select "cooling", "heating", and "dry".
  - How to set master control A remote controller you press the "OPERATION CHANGE / MIN-MAX" button first after installation of the indoor / outdoor unit is the master controller.
  - How to change the master controller To change the master controller, refer to "SETTING THE MASTER REMOTE CONTROLLER" in the operation manual attached to the indoor unit.

#### Field setting



#### Setting procedure

- In the normal mode, press the dominant button for 4 seconds or longer. The mode changes to the "field setting mode".
- 2. Press the Delta button and select the "mode number" to set.
- 3. When setting each indoor unit under group control (when selecting 20, 22, 23 and 25 mode numbers), press the button and select the "indoor unit number" to set. (This step is not required at the time of group setting.)
- 4. Press the  $\bigcirc$  up button to select "First code number".
- 5. Press the  $\bigcirc$  down button to select "Second code number".
- 6. To input current setting changes, press  $\bigcirc \mathfrak{B}$  button once.
- 7. Press the  $\frac{1}{\text{TEST}}$  button for about 1 second. The mode returns to the "normal mode".
- (Example) To set the filter sign display interval to "Filter contamination-Heavy" at the time of group setting, select the mode number "10", first code number "0" and second code number "02".

## 11-5. List of setting contents and mode numbers

	Mode No.	First code	code Description of contents Second code No. *2				le No. *2			
	*1	No.	Description of content	5		01		02	03	04
			Filter contamination - Heavy/Light	Ultra-long-life type		Approx. 10,000 H	y	Approx. 5,000 H		
		0	(Setting to reduce displaying period to half	Long-life type	Ligh	Approx. 2,500 H	Heav	Approx. 1,250 H	_	_
			when filter contamination is heavy.)	Standard type		Approx. 200 H		Approx. 100 H		
		1	Long-life filter type (Setting of filter sign display interva (Change setting when ultra-long fil	al for cleaning) ter is installed)		Standard (long-life filter)	U	tra-long life filter	-	Oil guard filter
	10(20)	2	Thermostat sensor in remote controller *3			te both the unit hsor (or remote hsor if installed) ND the remote htroller sensor. *5+6	Use unit sensor only (or remote sensor if installed). *5+6		Use remote con- troller sensor only. *5+6	_
		3	Display of air filter cleaning sign (To setting filter cleaning sign)	be set when not		Display	١	lot display	_	_
		5 Information to I-manager, I-touch contoroller				nly unit sensor lue (or remote ensor value if installed).	Sensor value as set by 10-2-0X or 10-6-0X.		_	_
at indoor unit side		6	Thermostat sensor in group contro	Use (or i	unit sensor only remote sensor if nstalled). *6	Use both the unit sensor (or remote sensor if installed) AND the remote controller sensor. *4, 5, 6		_	_	
		0	Output signal X1-X2 of the optiona KRP1B PCB unit	l adopter;	l th cor	Indoor unit thermo-ON + — compressor run		_	Operation	Malfunction
Setting		1	ON/OFF input from outside (T1/T2 (Setting for when forced ON/OFF is operated from outside).	input) s to be	F	orced OFF		ON/OFF operation	-	_
	12(22)	2	Thermostat differential changeover (To be set when using remote sens	- sor)		1 °C		0.5 °C	_	_
		3	Fan setting during thermostat OFF operation (For capacity increase of air	at heating cleaning unit)		LL		Set speed	OFF*7	_
		4	Differential automatic changeover			0°C	1 °C		2 °C	3 °C *8
		5	Automatic re-start after power failure (Return to the status before the blackout)			Disabled	Enabled		_	-
		0	Setting for ceiling height (for AXAP for air flow rate) *9	model; setting		Standard	Hi	gh ceiling 1	High ceiling 2	_
		1	Selection of air flow direction (To b installing a blocking pad kid)	e set when	4	1-way flow	3-way flow		2-way flow	_
	13(23)	3	Air flow direction selecting function when attaching decorative panel to	(To be set air outlet)		Equipped	Not equipped		_	_
		4	Air flow direction range setting			Upper	Normal		Lower	—
		5	Setting of fan speed (Control with the time of phase control)	the air outlet at		Standard	Option 1		Option 2	_
	15(25)	3	Drain pump operation with humidif	ying		Not equipped		Equipped	-	-

			-					
Mode No.	First code	Description of contents	Second code No. *2					
*1	No.		01	02	03	04		
	0	Permission level setting	Level 2	Level 3	_	_		
1b	1	Leave home function	Not permitted	Permitted	_	_		
	2	Thermostat sensor in remote controller (For limit operation and leave home function only)	Use	Not use	_	_		

\*1 Each mode setup is programmed in the group mode. When setting individually by each indoor unit, select the mode number in () in the table.

However, the current setting status only can be confirmed individually by selecting the number in (). In a group setting, even though all of the second code numbers are selectable, a display on the LCD remains in 01.

- \*2 The second code number settings at the factory depend on indoor unit types. For more details, refer to the installation and operation manual attached to each indoor unit.
- \*3 When the remote controller cannot be installed in a living space, thermostat sensor in the remote controller must be set to "Not use (10-2-02)".
- \*4 If group control is selected and the remote controller sensor is used, then set 10-6-02 & 10-2-03.
- \*5 If setting 10-6-02+10-2-01 or 10-2-02 or 10-2-03 are set at the same time, then setting 10-2-01, 10-2-02 or 10-2-03 have priority.
- \*6 If setting 10-6-01+10-2-01 or 10-2-02 or 10-2-03 are set at the same time for group connection, 10-6-01 has priority and for individual connection, 10-2-01, 10-2-02 or 10-2-03 have priority.
- \*7 Only use in combination with optional remote sensor or when setting 10-2-03 is used.
- \*8 More settings are: Second code No.; 05/4 °C , 06/5 °C , 07/6 °C , 08/7 °C .
- \*9 Refer to the following chart "Rough guide of a setup for high ceiling application" for more details.
- \* Do not make any settings not given in the table.
- \* Not displayed if the indoor unit is not equipped with that function.
- \* When returning to the normal mode, "88" may be displayed in the LCD in order for the remote controller to initialize itself.
- \* Depending on an operation status, setting of fan speed may be different from actual fan speed.
- \* It is not possible to change field settings on the remote controller that is set to "sub".

## 12. Remote Control

#### 12-1. Remote control with 2 remote controllers

■ 1 indoor unit control with 2 remote controllers at 2 locations



#### Note)

If the main and sub remote controllers equipped with thermostat sensors are mounted in separate rooms, set the main remote controller thermostat to "Not use" when performing field setting with the remote controller.

- A later command by either of the remote controllers can override the previous command by either one to control the indoor unit operation.
- Only the thermostat in the main remote controller is recognized by the indoor unit when installing 2 remote controllers.
- To set the remote controllers to main or sub. remove the front panels of the remote controllers and set the main/sub changeover switches on the PC boards to "Main" or "Sub". "Field settings with the remote controller" can set only the main remote controller.

#### 12-2. Group control

■ Simultaneous control of up to 16 units with 1 remote controller



- Because remote control wiring for group control has no polarity, P1 and P2 can be switched.
- All indoor units within the group have the same setting, and each indoor unit is controlled individually by its own built-in thermostat.
- At the time of group control, remote controller thermostat is set to "Not use" automatically.
- Because the address is set automatically, address setting by the remote controller for group control is not necessary.

## 13. Test Operation

In the explanation of test operation, the model that is not the subject of this manual (Combination Multi) is also described.



#### 13-1. Before starting test operation

- 1. Turn ON the main power supply and the electric leakage breaker inside the outdoor unit's control box at least 6 hours before the test operation to energize the compressor heater.
- 2. Be sure to fully open the stop valves of the outdoor unit for both liquid and vapor pipes. (Open the liquid stop valve first, and then open the vapor stop valve.)
- 3. Open the fuel gas valve.

#### 13-2. Process of the outdoor unit when turning on the power

At the time of initial power supply, the system will first perform power master setting and address setting (outdoor and indoor address). Therefore, wait for up to 15 minutes until the unit starts operation.

Be sure to perform test operation after turning on the power when you turn on the power at the first time.

The following shows the procedure form turning on the power to completion of connection check.

#### 1) Model information display

After turning on the power, the model information is displayed for about 10 seconds (shown below) and after that, it proceeds to "2) Connection check."



#### 2) Connection check

This step checks indoor and outdoor unit connection condition. Display during the connection check is as follows:

P:Master unit C:Dependent unit -: Unconfirmed whether master or dependent (Lights up when memorized, flashes when not memorized) A O : Checking indoor unit connection A 1 : Checking outdoor unit Elapsed time from start (Combination Multi) connection LED5<sup>°</sup>LED4 LED6 LED3 LED2 LED1 SW2 SW1 SW3 SW4 SW 5 SW6 CODE No. **INDOOR** MODE CLEAR SET DOWN SELECT SELECT UP

When connection check is finished, it proceeds to the following step automatically.

- If the connection condition is not memorized, it proceeds to "3) Connection condition check."
- If the connection status is memorized, it proceeds to "4) Connection condition display." (When re-wiring recognition is performed, connection condition is not memorized.)
  - \* It takes about 6 to 15 minutes until connection check is finished.

#### 3) Connection condition check

Check if the wiring between outdoor and indoor units is connected correctly with the display indicated on the master and dependent outdoor units. The display is as follows

The display is as follows.



In the case of Combination Multi master unit, or single outdoor unit

■ In the case of Combination Multi dependent unit



Check both the master and dependent unit displays, and make sure that the number of connected indoor and outdoor units and the dependent unit address are properly displayed.

If the connection condition display agrees with the actual condition, press SET switch on the master unit for 2 seconds or longer to fix the connection condition. (Current connection condition is memorized.)

After fixing the connection status, the display automatically proceeds to "4) Connection condition display."

When the connection condition is not correct, turn off the power supply and check the wiring, and then turn the power supply on again.

The dependent unit proceeds automatically to "4) Connection status display" when the master unit memorizes the connection condition information.

#### 4) Connection condition display

Connection condition is displayed (shown below) for about 10 seconds. After that, the display automatically changes to normal operation mode (running hour display).

■ In the case of Combination Multi master unit, or single outdoor unit



■ In the case of Combination Multi dependent unit

c:Dependent unit A:Address					Dependent unit addr	ess
LED6	LED5	LED4	L E D 3	LED2	L E D1	
$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	
						1
5111	5W2	5W3	5W4	2002	500	
CODE No.		INDOOR	MODE	CLEAD	CET	
UP	DOWN	SELECT	SELECT	CLEAR	SEI	

## 13-3. When installing additional indoor / outdoor units or replacing the indoor / outdoor unit PCB

■ When changing the number or indoor units or replacing the indoor unit PCB

Perform re-wiring recognition of the indoor units.

■ When changing the number of outdoor units or replacing the outdoor unit PCB

Perform re-wiring recognition of the outdoor units.

Indoor / outdoor unit re-wiring recognition process

Indoor / outdoor unit re-wiring recognition is performed in the "check mode". Disconnect the personal computer, and select the check mode.

To select the check mode, refer to "12-2. 1) How to change the current mode to the check mode" on page 47.

1. Press the CODE No. UP or CODE No. DOWN switch and select the check code No. 01 as indicated in the following figure.



- 2. Press the INDOOR SELECT switch and select "Indoor unit re-wiring recognition" (indicated with i) and "Outdoor unit re-wiring recognition" (indicated with o).
- 3. Press and hold the SET switch. The following display is shown.

LED6	LED5	LED4	LED3	LED2	LED1
	I		<u> </u>	.—	
$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW 5	SW6
CODE UP	No. DOWN	I NDOOR SELECT	MODE SELECT	CLEAR	SET

4. Press the SET switch again for 2 seconds or longer while the above-mentioned display (step 3) is shown. Selected re-wiring is recognized and the display is as follows:



After completing re-wiring recognition, the system returns to "14-2. 2) Connection check", and checks the connection condition again.

## 14. Installation Check List

Installation	Outdoor unit	<ul> <li>Are there any problems with the exterior and interior of the outdoor unit?</li> <li>Is there any possibility that a short circuit operation could occur due to outdoor unit exhaust heat?</li> <li>Is there specified space for air flow and servicing?</li> <li>Is there any possibility that discharged air from the outdoor unit or engine exhaust gas accumulates inside the room or flows into the room?</li> <li>Is there proper drainage from the outdoor unit?</li> <li>Is there any possibility that the exhaust gas from the outdoor unit blows directly toward the plants or animals.?</li> </ul>					
	Indoor unit	<ul> <li>Are there any problems with the exterior and interior of the indoor unit?</li> <li>Is the downward gradient for drain pipe 1/100 or more?</li> <li>Is there specified space for air flow and servicing?</li> <li>Is centering of the pulley or belt tension of the indoor unit appropriate? (If the indoor unit uses fan belts.)</li> </ul>					
Refrigerant piping installation		<ul> <li>Is the number of connected indoor units within the limit?</li> <li>Is the total capacity for the connected indoor units within the limit?</li> <li>Are the lengths and differences in height of the refrigerant piping within the permissible ranges?</li> <li>Are the branch pipes properly installed?</li> <li>Is the piping properly insulated?</li> <li>Has the proper amount of additional refrigerant been added?</li> <li>Have you written down the installation record and refrigerant amount on the "POINTS FOR INSTALLATION" plate with a permanent marker?</li> </ul>					
Drain piping installation		<ul> <li>Have you installed the exhaust drain piping in accordance with the specifications?</li> <li>Do the outdoor unit exhaust drain and indoor unit drain flow into the separate receptacles?</li> <li>Have you checked that the drain water drains properly through the drain piping?</li> <li>Is the drain piping properly insulated?</li> </ul>					
Gas p	piping	<ul> <li>Are there any fuel gas leaks?</li> <li>Does the type of gas supplied match the type indicated on the name plate?</li> </ul>					
Electric wiring installation		<ul> <li>Are the power supply wire and signal wires connected properly?</li> <li>Is the outdoor unit properly grounded?</li> <li>Are 2-core cables used for the signal wire instead of multi-core cables?</li> <li>Is the wiring length within the permissible range? Is the wire thickness proper?</li> </ul>					
Opt	ions	<ul> <li>[Check the following items additionally if the outdoor unit is installed in the cold district or heavy snow-fall area.]</li> <li>Has the snow hood been mounted?</li> <li>Has the drain heater been installed?</li> <li>Does the heated drain hose overlap the drain water outlet as specified?</li> <li>Is the hose clip installed?</li> </ul>					
		□ Has the antivibration mount been installed?					

## (Reference) Troubleshooting

Perform inspections in accordance with the error displays on the remote controller and the outdoor unit circuit board.

#### 1. Error code display

-					
Remote controller error code	Outdoor unit error code	Description of breakdown			
A0	63 - n	Indoor unit: External protective device activation			
A1	20 - n	<ul> <li>Indoor unit: Circuit board failure, EEPROM setting error</li> </ul>			
A3	95 - n	Indoor unit: Drain water level system malfunction			
A6	15 - n	Indoor unit: Locked fan			
A7	35 - n	Indoor unit: Swing flap motor failure			
A8	25 - n	<ul> <li>Indoor unit: Abnormal power supply voltage</li> </ul>			
A9	21 - n	<ul> <li>Indoor unit: Electronic expansion valve driving unit failure</li> </ul>			
AF	30 - n	Indoor unit: Drainage failure			
AH	31 - n	Indoor unit: Dust collector failure			
AJ	22 - n	<ul> <li>Indoor unit: Capacity setting error</li> </ul>			
C1	27 - n	<ul> <li>Indoor unit: Transmission failure (indoor circuit board - fan circuit board)</li> </ul>			
C4	18 - n	<ul> <li>Indoor unit: Heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature sensor failure</li> </ul>			
C5	19 - n	Indoor unit: Heat exchanger vapor pipe temperature sensor failure			
C6	26 - n	<ul> <li>Indoor unit: Combination failure (indoor circuit board - fan circuit board)</li> </ul>			
C9	97 - n	Indoor unit: Intake air temperature sensor failure			
CA	98 - n	Indoor unit: Discharge air temperature sensor failure			
CJ	17 - n	Remote controller sensor failure			
U0	88 - 5	Refrigerant empty			
U4	_	<ul> <li>Transmission error between indoor unit and outdoor unit</li> </ul>			
U5	1 - n	<ul> <li>Transmission failure between remote controller and indoor unit</li> </ul>			
_	3 - 0	Transmission failure between indoor unit and outdoor units			
	4 - 0	Communication failure between outdoor units 1			
	4 - 1	Communication failure between outdoor units 2			
	4 - 2	Communication failure between outdoor units 3			
U7	4 - 3	Communication failure between outdoor units 4			
	4 - 4	Communication failure between outdoor units 5			
	4 - 5	Communication failure between outdoor units 6			
	4 - 6	Communication failure between outdoor units 7			
_	5 - n	<ul> <li>Transmission failure between indoor unit and outdoor units</li> </ul>			
U8	_	<ul> <li>Transmission failure between main and sub remote controllers</li> </ul>			
U9	-	Failure of other indoor units			
UA	43 - 1	Excessive connection of indoor units			
•	44 - n	<ul> <li>Indoor unit circuit board type setting failure, incorrect indoor and outdoor units combination</li> </ul>			
UC	36 - n	Centralized control address duplication			
Air net address duplication		Air net address duplication			
UE	23 - n	Transmission failure between indoor unit and centralized remote controller			
UF	24 - n	Refrigerant system is not set, improper wiring			
UH – • System failure					

\* "n" of outdoor unit error code ??-n indicates the indoor unit air-net address.

\* RC error code A7, AF, AH, CJ and UC indicate minor errors not stopping operation (Alert or Warning).

\* Outdoor unit error code is displayed only while pressing the CODE No. UP switch on the maintenance board when the system has an error.

Remote controller error code	Outdoor unit error code	Description of breakdown					
	40 - 0	Outdoor unit EEPROM failure					
	40 - 1	Outdoor unit model code failure					
E1	40 - 2	Outdoor unit programs do not match between main microcomputer and engine microcomputer					
	84 - 3	Outdoor unit communication failure between main microcomputer and engine microcomputer					
	84 - 4	Outdoor unit communication failure between main microcomputer and I/F microcomputer					
50	86 - 0	Refrigerant high pressure failure 1					
E3	86 - 1	Refrigerant high pressure failure 2					
E4	88 - 0	Refrigerant low pressure failure					
	86 - 11	Outdoor heat exchanger fan 1 starting failure					
<b>F7</b>	86 - 12	Outdoor heat exchanger fan 2 starting failure					
E7	86 - 21	Outdoor heat exchanger fan 1 abnormal speed					
	86 - 22	Outdoor heat exchanger fan 2 abnormal speed					
E7	86 - 10	<ul> <li>All outdoor heat exchanger fans failure</li> </ul>					
EA	57 - 0	<ul> <li>4-way changeover valve switching failure</li> </ul>					
50	80 - 0	Overheated engine coolant					
EC	80 - 3	Overcooled engine coolant					
	80 - 10	Engine coolant pump starting failure					
EH	80 - 20	Engine coolant pump speed failure					
	80 - 30	IPM failure					
F3	91 - 0	Excessive compressor discharge pipe temperature					
F.4	87 - 0	Excessive compressor intake temperature					
F4	87 - 2	<ul> <li>Insufficient degree of superheat for compressor intake</li> </ul>					
	81 - 0	Abnormal engine oil pressure					
FE	81 - 10	Engine oil leakage					
FF	58 - 0	Inadequate refrigerant oil					
FJ	47 - 0	Abnormal engine exhaust air temperature when deodorizing option is installed					
L12	76 - 0	Disconnected refrigerant high pressure quitch					
пэ	76 - 10						
Но	61 - 0	Disconnected outside air temperature sensor					
113	61 - 1	Short-circuited outside air temperature sensor					
НС	70 - 0	Disconnected engine coolant temperature sensor					
	80 - 1	Short-circuited engine coolant temperature sensor					
HJ	80 - 2	Engine coolant empty					
HF	EE - 0	Outdoor unit periodic inspection					
	78 - 0	Disconnected compressor discharge pipe temperature sensor 1					
J3	78 - 1	Disconnected compressor discharge pipe temperature sensor 2 (450 / 560 / 710 types only)					
	91 - 2	Short-circuited compressor discharge pipe temperature sensor 1					
	91 - 3	Short-circuited compressor discharge pipe temperature sensor 2 (450 / 560 / 710 types only)					
J4	55 - 0	Disconnected accumulator outlet temperature sensor					
	55 - 2	Short-circuited accumulator outlet temperature sensor					
J5	53 - 0	Disconnected compressor intake temperature sensor					
-	53 - 2	<ul> <li>Short-circuited compressor intake temperature sensor</li> </ul>					

\* "n" of outdoor unit error code ??-n indicates the indoor unit air-net address.

\* RC error code E7 and HF indicate minor errors not stopping operation (Alert or Warning).

\* Outdoor unit error code is displayed only while pressing the CODE No. UP switch on the maintenance board when the system has an error.

Remote controller	Outdoor unit	Description of breakdown		
	65 0	Disconnected outdoor heat exchanger liquid temperature consor		
	65 2	Short circuited outdoor heat exchanger liquid temperature sensor		
J6	05-2			
	85 - 0	Disconnected outdoor neat exchanger vapor temperature sensor		
	85 - 2	Short-circuited outdoor heat exchanger vapor temperature sensor		
J7	66 - 0	Disconnected sub heat exchanger liquid temperature sensor		
	66 - 1	Short-circuited sub heat exchanger liquid temperature sensor		
.18	67 - 0	Disconnected outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor		
	67 - 2	<ul> <li>Short-circuited outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor</li> </ul>		
	73 - 0	<ul> <li>Refrigerant high pressure sensor 1 failure 1</li> </ul>		
10	73 - 1	<ul> <li>Refrigerant high pressure sensor 1 failure 2</li> </ul>		
37	73 - 2	<ul> <li>Refrigerant high pressure sensor 2 failure 1</li> </ul>		
	73 - 3	Refrigerant high pressure sensor 2 failure 2		
JC	88 - 4	<ul> <li>Refrigerant low pressure sensor failure</li> </ul>		
JE	71 - 0	Disconnected engine oil pressure switch		
	72 - 0	Disconnected engine compartment temperature sensor		
JJ	72 - 1	Short-circuited engine compartment temperature sensor		
	72 - 6	Disconnected engine exhaust air temperature sensor when deodorizing option is installed		
	75 - 1	Igniter undervoltage		
15	75 - 2	Igniter disconnection		
LL	75 - 3	Igniter overvoltage		
	75 - 10	Starter transformer voltage cut off		
LF	84 - 0	Engine starting failure		
14	68 - 10	Generating converter minor malfunction		
LII	68 - 20	Generating converter major malfunction		
LJ	75 - 0	Engine stop		
	74 - 1	Insufficient engine starting speed		
Do	74 - 4	Engine speed control failure		
Po	82 - 0	Engine overspeed failure 1		
	82 - 1	Engine overspeed failure 2		
PE	74 - 7	Output failure of electromagnetic gas valve		
PF	60 - 0	Unintended starter operation		

\* "n" of outdoor unit error code ??-n indicates the indoor unit air-net address.

\* Outdoor unit error code is displayed only while pressing CODE No. UP switch on the maintenance board when the system has an error.

#### 2. Cancelling the error codes

- After repairing the troubled part, press the ON/OFF button of the remote controller. The error code display disappears and operation condition turns into "STOP".
- Operation restarts by pressing the ON/OFF button of the remote controller again.

## (Reference) GHP specifications

Standard Model					AXGP224E1-(F)WED	AXGP280E1-(F)WED	AXGP355E1-(F)WED	
Renewal Model					AXYGP224E1-(F)WED	AXYGP280E1-(F)WED	AXYGP355E1-(F)WED	
Rated Output					8 HP	10 HP	13 HP	
Rated cooling ca	pacity *			kW	22,4	28,0	35,5	
Rated heating ca	apacity **			kW	25,0	31,5	40,0	
Maximum heatin	g capacity	/		kW	26,5	33,5	42,5	
	Power s	upply		V	AC 230 single phase			
	Starting	current		A		20	4.77	
Electrical	Power	ntion	Cooling	kW	0,34	0,44	0,57	
features	consumptio	ption	Heating		0,42	0,58	0,74	
	Running	3	Looting	A	1,3	1,7	2,1	
	current		Cooling		1,0	2,1	2,0	
	Consun	nption	Heating	k\//	15,0	20.3	27.0	
	(NG – L	PG)	Maximum flow		21 7	27.5	36.6	
			Maximum now		Category	Country	Test Pressure	
					II2H3+	IT – GB – IE – ES – GR - PT	G20-20 mbar G30/G31- 30/37 mbar	
					II2H3B/P	DK – FI – SE – NO – SI – SK CZ – EE – LV – LT – LU	G20-20 mbar G30/G31- 30 mbar	
Fuel das					II2H3B/P	HU	G20-25 mbar G30/G31- 30 mbar	
5	Supply	pressure			II2ER3+	FR	G20/G25-20/25 mbar G30/G31-28/30 mbar	
					II2L3B/P	NL	30 mbar	
					I2E	DE	G20-20 mbar	
					12H	AI	G20-20 mbar	
					I2H	CH	G20-20 mbar	
					12ER(B)	BE	G20/G25-20/25 mbar	
					13+ 12B/D	BE	G30/G31-28/30 IIIbai	
					13B/F 13B/P	MT	G31_30mbar	
	Type				Water co	ooled vertical type 4 cycle 3	cylinder	
	Displacement			cm <sup>3</sup>		952	oyinidoi	
	Rated o	utput		kW	5,0	6,2	7,9	
Engino	Revolut	ion	Cooling	rom	800~1.250	800~1.550	800~2.000	
Lingine	range	Heating	ipin	800~2.450	800~2.900	800~2.900		
	Lubricant Type		Туре		(ma 611) and ma 44	AISIN GHP OIL L10.000 G	20.000 h aura)	
			14					
	Type			п.		AISIN Coolant S		
Engine	Ouantity			I <del>t</del>	15			
coolant	Concen	tration		n.	13			
	(standard / cold district)		%	50 / 65				
	Type x number of units					Scroll X 1		
	Specified refrigeration oil					NL 10		
Compressor	Quantity	/		lt.	3			
Compresser	Revolut	ion	Cooling	rom	1.640~2.563	1.640~3.178	1.640~4.100	
	range		Heating		1.640~5.023	1.640~5.945	1.640~5.945	
	Iransm	ission				Poli V belt		
Refrigerant	lype Quantity			l in	14 0			
Ean (2 x propalle	Quantity Total flow rate		Kg	167	11,U 104	212		
	Standard mode		m / min	54	56	50		
Noise level			Silent mode	dB(A)	52	54	57	
	Defri	ant	Gas		Ø 19.1	Ø 22.2	Ø 25.4	
Diping	Reingei	anı	Liquid	mm	Ø	9.5	Ø 12.7	
Fipling	Fuel ga	Fuel gas			R 3 / 4"			
	Exhaust drain			mm	Ø 15 (Ø 30 cold district)			
Piping permissible length (actual / equivalent)				165 / 190				
Permissible height difference betwe			en indoor units	m	15			
Permissible heig outdoor units	ht differe	nce betwe	en indoor and		+ 50 / - 40			
			Height		2.077			
External dimensi	sions Wid Dep		Width	mm		1.400		
			Depth		880			
Weight (standard	d / renewa	l)		Kg	00.1.15	565 / 570	00/111	
Connectable inde	oor	Number	(standard / cold distr	rict)	20 / 13 25 / 16 32 / 20			
units Capacity			%	50 – 200 standard / 50 – 130 cold district				

## NOTE:



## CE

005 I 0497 05/004/8

#### Made in Japan



Distributore Unico Europeo - European sole distributor



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